### A good derby, \$1.50.

Charles Ruoff. Hatter, 905 Pa. Ave. (Willett & Ruoff's Old Stand.)

# Leper!"

\* \* Long Dong, who keeps a \* \* laundry at No. 753 Lexington \* \* avenue, New York city, was \* \* recently discovered to be suffer-\* \* ing from a fully developed case JAMES Y. DAVIS' SONS, \* \* of leprosy. Medical Inspector \* \* George W. Bogart of the health \* \* department declares that there \* \* are 500 other such cases in New \* \* York that nobody knows any-\* \* thing about. It was only by the \* \* merest chance that Long Dong's \* \* case was discovered. How \* \* many cases of leprosy there are \* \* in Washington among the

\* \* heathen laundries nobody will \* \* ever know until the germs of this horrible disease are sent \* \* home in somebody's wash \* \* and so transmitted. Then \* \* probably an investigation will be \* \* ordered and the truth laid bare. \* \* Why not patronize a clean \* \* American laundry? Laundry \* \* experts have declared the Yale \* \* to be the cleanest and best \* \* equipped laundry plant in Wash-\* \* ington. We invite medical in-\* \* spection any hour in the day and \* \* any day in the week. The Yale \* \* is as clean as the deck of a man-\* \* of-war and as pure and whole-

\* \* some as the ward room of a

\* \* hospital. A postal will bring a

\* \* Yale wagon to your door.

#### THE YALE, F H. WALKER & CO., 514 10th St.

'Phone 1092. Plant, 43 G st. "TWILL ADD

o o fully papered, and the tastier the job the o more value it will add. Consult us for "tasty" o jobs-Blue Rooms, Japanese Rooms, Louis o XVI Parlors, &c.

McC. Farr & Co., 1115 G St. This is the one engraving estab-lishment south of Philadelphia that is capable of producing any sort of

illustrations. All half-tones on hardrolled copper. On time, too.
MAURICE JOYCE ENGRAVING CO.,
414 Eleventh st. n.w. DIRECT

Dealing with the largest factories brings our Hats to you -- minus several profits. That's why our \$2.40

Hat is \$2.40 here -"three dollars" 'most
everywhere else.

Eranc & Son Corner

Corner | Cor Franc & Son.

#### New Woolens. New Prices

Haslett & Pistel. Up-to-date

1345 Pa. Ave. N. W.



This is the Derby

We are having such a run on this year Every-body likes it. Be sure you see it before you buy one of the "usly" styles that are flooding the mar-ket this fall. Costs no more. B. H. STINEMETZ & SON,

#### Save Money On Bicycle Repairs.

Washington's best riders are availing every part of the city to go to when your mount's in trouble.

Geo. B. Harleston, 1335 F. General Agent Pa. Mutual Bicycle Insurance Co. Home office: 1345 Arch st., Phila. o1-25d 3m

## Coachmen's

DOES not your coachman need a new hat this senson?—a late style one? We have them extra heavy—the kind that stands all sorts of weather—made expressly for coachmen—at LOWER PRICES than formerly.

LTWe sell a good "Derby" or "Soft Hat" for \$1.50 and \$2—better ones for \$2.50, \$3, \$3.50 and \$4.

Hatters and Furriers, 1201 Pa. ave. oc1-eo24

#### P=e=r=f=e=c=t Wine Jelly

with that delicious, crisp, nutty flavor can only be made of To-Kalon Sherry. A most delicious and inexpensive dessert. Sherry, quarts, 50c., or by the gallon, \$1.50.

TO=KALON Wine Co.,

\*\*\*\*\*\* Learn Good Form Cycling As It is Taught At COLUMBIA

FIELD, Seventeenth And C Sts.

corps of most competent instructors

District Cycle Co., "Hartfords." J. Hart Brittain. 452 Pa. Ave.

#### MEN'S FURNISHINGS AT HALF PRICE.

Underwear—
\$10 Suits, \$5.00.
\$5 Suits, \$2.50.
\$2 Suits, \$1.00.
\$1 Suits, \$1.00.
\$2 Suits, \$1.00.
\$3 Suits, \$1.00.
\$4 Suits, \$1.00.
\$5 Suits, \$1.00.
\$6 Suits, \$1.00.
\$7 Suits, \$1.00.
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\$4 Suits, \$0.00.
\$5 Suits, \$1.00.
\$6 Suits, \$1.00.
\$7 Suits, \$1.00.
\$6 Suits, \$1.00.
\$7 Suits, \$ P. T. HALL, SHIRTMAKER, 908 F St.

"I've had enough

—of 'cheap tailors,' '' said a former customer of ours yesterday. ''I am convinced that it pays to buy good clothes. I've spent more money the past two years than I ever did-and looked like a 'farmer' most of the time, hostbler.' besides."

EFThis is only one of many instances of the "prodigal's return." How about your-

Snyder & Wood, IIII Pa.Av.,



"Footballs and Football Toggery."

TAPPAN'S, 1013 PA. AVE.

#### The Care of YOUR HORSE

care of yourself.

If you wish your horse to have all the comforts that a perfectly drained, perfectly ventilated, perfectly lighted abode affords—supplemented with proper feed and soft beds of clean straw—have him domiciled HERE.

D'swell' Carriages for hire, by trip, day, week or month—reasonable rates. Downey's Hotel for Horses. 1622-1628 L STREET. 'Phone 555. se30-20d

MICHAEL O'CONNOR'S WILL.

Its Provisions Leave His Property to His Sister During Her Life. The will of the late Michael O'Connor, dated August 9, 1895, now filed, appoints Margaret Calvin, a sister, executrix, and to her the personalty is given absolutely, and the real estate for life. At her death it is to be sold, and one-third of the proceeds thereof given to the surviving heirs of Rosie O'Neil, a sister, one-third to the surviving heirs of Mary Pepper, a sister, and the remaining third to Mary Donovan and Paul Green. Should the two last named die before coming into their share it is to go to Rosie O'Neil's surviving heirs.

The weather tomorrow is likely to be fair and slightly warmer.

FRANK LIBBEY & CO.

The Oldest Lumber Firm in Washington.

# One Dollar Per 100 Feet for Boards.

They are the finest red-heart boards made, gangsawed, in even thickness and one length. Suitable for fencing, sheathing and all ordinary purposes.

### Frank Libbey & Co.,

"Everything That Enters Into the Construction of a House," Lumber & Millwork, 6th & N. Y. Ave.

#### CLOSING THE SEASON

Last League Ball Games Played Here in 1895.

COMPARISON WITH LAST YEAR'S WORK

Why the British Don't Like Mr. Rose's Challenge.

LAST NIGHT'S PRIZE FIGHT

tons split even in two games, the latter second by 8 to 10. A pleasing incident of Guire of a silver tea service as the most popular local player, and to Selbach and of the fact that they are soon to become

ed up affair, Gilroy, Boyd and Abbey play-ing in the field and Scheibeck on second

base.

The crowd soon began to suspect that the clubs had agreed to split the games. Whether the suspicion was correct or not, the way both teams played certainly looked as though they didn't care to win.

THEY WON ONE SERIES.

Record of the Washingtons During

last championship games in the Na tional League were played yesterday, and timores win the championship by nearly as many points as they did last year won is considerably less. Last year their total average was .605, that of the New Yorks, who came in second, being .667. This year it is .609, while Cleveland comes in second with .616.

The champions won every series, with two exceptions. They split even with St. Louis, thanks to Pitcher Breitenstein, who won five of the games, and won only five of the eleven games played with Cleveland. This is a better showing than can be presented by any other club in the league.

The Spiders won only seven of the twelve, breaking even with Boston and Cincinnati, losing six of the eleven played with Chicago and winning six of the eleven played with Baltimore. The Phillies won eight of their series, lost two—to Baltimore and Cleveland—and tied Chicago. Chicago won only four of her series, lost four and tied one. Boston won six, lost four and tied one. Bitsburg won five and lost five. Cincinnati won five, lost four and tied one. Pittsburg won five and lost five. Washington won one series—that from Brooklyn—lost nine and tied one. St. Louis did not win any, lost eight and tied three, while the Colonels made exactly the same record. won five of the games, and won only five

 
 Clubs.
 W. L. P.C.
 Clubs.
 W. L. P.C.

 Baltimore.
 87
 43
 .669 Pittsburg.
 71
 62
 .534

 Cleveland.
 84
 46
 .646 Cincinnati.
 .66
 65
 .504

 Philadelphia.
 78
 53
 .595 New York.
 .66
 65
 .504

 Chicago.
 72
 58
 .554 Washington.
 43
 85
 .338

 Brooklyn.
 71
 60
 .542 Louisville.
 35
 96
 .267

 Boston.
 71
 60
 .542 Louisville.
 35
 96
 .267

 Clubs.
 W. L. P.C.
 Clubs.
 W. L. P.C.

 Baltimore.
 89
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 Pittsburg.
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 New York.
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 Boston.
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 St. Louis.
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 Philad-liphia.
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 78
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 Brooklyn.
 70
 61
 534
 Washington.
 45
 87
 331

 Cleveland.
 68
 61
 527
 Louisville.
 36
 94
 277

By the above record it will be noticed that Baltimore, Boston, New York, Washing, St. Louis and Louisville did worse than in '94, and that Cleveland, Philadelphia, Chicago, Brooklyn, Pittsburg and Cin-

The New York-Washington Games. New Yorks wen eight of the games played. Three were secured at Washington. Each club played one errorless game in the series. The New Yorks scored one or more runs in every game, while the Washingtons were "Chlcagoed" twice. Both of the shut-out games were played at New York. The record of the series follows:

Batting. Won.Lost.Play'd.bat. Runs. New York.. 8 4 12 410 101 Washington. 4 8 12 409 55 Ffelding.

WELCOMING THE HOOSIERS.

Return of the Champion Indianapolis

The Indianapolis base ball club, champions of the Western League, arrived at Indianapolis over the Lake Erie and Western railroad at 10:30 o'clock yesterday morning. The private sleeper in which the pennant winners traveled was profusely iecorated with flags and bunting, and or either side of the car was fastened an immense banner bearing "The Champions of the Western League for 1895 - The Indianapolis Ball Club.'

A special train from Indianapolis, containing a band and many base ball fans, left the city at 7 o'clock and met the champions at Tipton and escorted them

home.

Fully 3,000 people had crowded in and around the Union station when the train reached the city. The club, headed by a brass band, and followed by 3,000 enthusiastic fans, marched to the Grand Hotel, astic fans, marched to the Grand Hotel, where a reception was held. In the afternoon the Cincinnati Reds and the champions paraded the principal streets of the city in tally-ho coaches. Then the Cincinnatis defeated them in a ball game 12 to 4, just to show the superiority of the league.

Signed for Next Season.

Nineteen of the Washingtons have signed for next season, and early this morning Earl Wagner paid President Young \$500. by wnich the services of De Montreville were secured from the Toronto club. A winning team is promised for next year. The latest "finds" are McCauley, catcher, and Rog-ers, first baseman, of the Eastern League.

TWO ALLEGED CONTESTS. Gorman Knocked Out, but the Fight

Declared a Draw. Four hundred true "sports" had a peculiar experience at the pugilistic entertainment given for their benefit by the Eureka Athletic Club last night at the arena across the Long bridge, in Virginia. There were two alleged contests. The first, described as a preliminary, was between Jack Daily, white, the light-weight champion of Delaware, and Howard Wilson, colored, the acknowledged light-weight champion of the District. As originally intended, Daily was to have knocked out Wilson in eight rounds or forfelt the match. As really arranged. however, it was a six-round contest for scientific points. The two came together for the appointed number of rounds, and the umpire, Mr. Duffy, decided in favor of Mr. Daily, although it was hard for an unprejudiced spectator to see any reason for the decision, inasmuch as Wilson had done most of the leading, and had administered most of the leading, and had administered most of the punishment. Daily acted as though he had a cinch, but no one in the audience saw it in the same way. Neither man was hurt, and Wilson was in decidedly the better condition at the finish.

Just prior to their meeting it was announced that Fred Morris, the colored charming of the District challenged the

nounced that Fred Morris, the colored champion of the District, challenged the winner of the McMillan-Gorman contest, and was willing to make a match with Mr. McCoy, who was supposed to have pugilistic aspirations. Mr. McCoy happened to be present, and he said he would not meet Mr. Morris, because of his color.

of Australia. They were to have contested twenty rounds at 150 pounds. McMillan was two pounds overweight, and Gorman was three pounds to the spare. Messrs. was three pounds to the spare. Messrs. Peckham, Connell, and Northridge were seconds for the local man, and Messrs. Woods, Alexander and Wilson looked out for the wants of his antagonist. Mr. Eddie Heath was selected as referee, and that was the mistake of the evening. McMillain was larger and stronger than Gorman, but had no advantage of him in pluck or skill. The first round was even. In the second round Gorman landed a hard right on McMillain's jaw and dazed him. McMillain recuperated well, however, and had the best of the round. In the third round Gorman improved, and again landed his right on McMillan's neck with good effect.

McMillan's neck with good effect.

McMillan assumed the aggressive in the fourth round, and pummeled Gorman hard with right and left. He continued similar tactics in the fifth round, and slugged the Australian to a standstill. Gorman was only saved by the gong. He came up gamely for the next round, however, and, although badly pun'shed, managed to survive it.

In the seventh round Gorman was knocked

vive it.
In the seventh round Gorman was knocked In the seventh round Gorman was knocked down repeatedly, but managed to regain his feet within the prescribed ten seconds. He was still strong and plucky, and managed to land a pivot blow, without, however, doing much damage. During this round McMillan was landing on him at will and had him crawling around the platform, game but helpless.

Alexander, his second, jumped in the ring while he was on the floor struggling to arise, and threw up the sponge. He did this, he said, because he did not want his man murdered.

Almost at the same time Gorman regained his feet, and showed a most pugnacious de-sire to continue the fight.

Spectators Excited. Great excitement ensued, and the friends of the competitors entered the ring in

swarms. Notwithstanding Gorman's sec-onds had thrown up the sponge and had carried him to his chair, the referee calmly declared the bout "no contest." declared the bout "no contest."

His decision was greeted with jeers and cries of "fake" from all quarters, and of "robbery" from McMillan's corner.

It was a good, game fight, but there was no doubt as to the superiority of the local man. The only thing that saved Gorman was the referee. Gorman was game, but he was 10 match for McMillan. The decision was a good thing for the club, inasmuch as it deprived the contestants from a proper share in the receipts.

share in the receipts.

The next exhibition scheduled by the club is a contest between Billy Woods of Australia and George Godfrey of Boston, on the 15th instant.

THE ROSE CUP CHALLENGE.

Alleged Reason Why the British Press is Dissutisfied With the Movement. Letters just received at Victoria, B. C.

from London regarding Mr. Rose's challenge for the America's cup give a key to the dissatisfaction expressed by the British press in connection therewith that is not likely to please the British colonists, especially Canadians. Members of the Royal Northern Yacht Club, writing to E. Graham Webster of Victoria, say that the trouble all lies in the fact that Mr. Rose is not a native-born Englishman, and many in the old land still rate all "colonial" subjects a little lower than themselves. Charles D. Rose can never be other than he is, a native of Montreal, his father, the late Sir

Rose can never be other than he is, a native of Montreal, his father, the late Sir John Rose, having been minister of finance in the first government after the confederation, and a prominent figure in the politics of young Canada.

The coming of a colonial to the rescue scon after Dunrayen's failure to bring home the coveted cup is especially galling to a certain contingent of English yachtsmen, and on this account, as well as for the giory itself, the good wishes of all fellow Canadians will be with Mr. Rose and his yacht in 1896.

AMERICAN CRICKETERS' VICTORY.

made arrangements for before he left London. The Metropolitan is the leading chess club of London. When the Brooklyn club won the trophy of the Metropolitan Chess League—which includes New York, Brook-lyn and Staten Island—last spring, - the English club sent a challenge for a match by cable, but it was decided to request a

by cable, but it was decided to request a postponement until fail.

One of the officers of the Brooklyn Chess Club said: "We can easily get a team from a list including Mr. Pilisbury, Philip Richardson, J. W. Showalter, S. Lipschuetz, W. M. De Visser, Herman Helms, Abel E. Blackmar, William F. Eno, S. Rocamore, Eugene Delmar, E. N. Olly, Dr. J. R. Saber and many others. In this match the teams will be in their own club rooms, and the moves as they are made will be sent by cable direct to their opponents."

Sanford Not to Run.

A special from New Haven says: Maneger Day of the Yale track athletic team created a surprise in college last night by announcing that G. Foster Sanford, the runner, would not be allowed to compete against Cambridge Saturday. During the Yale-Harvard games last spring Sanford had a condition in his studies. He was therefore ineligible for the Yale team, and as the Yale team that meets Cambridge will be taken from the men who were cli-gible to meet Harvard, Sanford will be ruled out. His withdrawal leaves Yale without her strongest man in the 300 and

Dined by New York Athletes.

The New York Athletic Club gave a dinner last night in the club house gymnaslum to the representatives of the London Athletic Club. The gallery of the gymnasium was hung with the trophy banners of the club, and directly in the center of the balcony, in which the orchestra was hidden, a glowing electric legend, reading, "N. Y. A. C.-1895," lighted up the much-prized white banner of the United States lacrosse championship, Although 125 cov-ers were laid, it was a rather informal affair. Speeches were made by victors and

Corbett in Good Condition. James J. Corbett gave an exhibition of

his training methods in Madison Square Garden in New York yesterday afternoon and last evening, and, to far as the spectators could judge, he is in excellent condition. He boxed, wrestled, exercised with the weights, punching bag and leather ball for almost three hours at each exhibition boxing with three men, wrestling with three men, wrestling with three men, wrestling with two and tossing the ball to half a dozen. In the boxing bout with Steve O'Donnell the experts said Corbett showed his old-time form.

Another International Challenge. The America's cup race next season will not be the only international yacht race of the year, for the Royal St. Lawrence Yacht Club of Montreal have challenged for the fully defended last week. The challenge is made in behalf of G. H. Duggan, who has gained most of his experience in St. Lawrence skiffs, though of late years he has been identified with the new 18-foot class. While the Seawanhaka cup is open to boats of 15. 20 or 25 feet and there you have \$558 a quarter. That's not bad for a barber. "The barber gets another landsman to wash the towels and other fixin's for \$20 a month; but, I tell you what, the barber has to hustle." of 15, 20 or 25 feet racing length, Mr. Dug-gan has again elected to challenge with a 15-footer, or half-rater, the same size as Ethelwynn and Spruce IV.

English Cricketers Beaten Again. The Gentlemen of Philadelphia yesterday won the last of this year's international

eleven having won the first and the English collegians the second. The present match began on the grounds of the Merion Cricket Club at Haverford last Friday.

Mr. Field's Scare is Permanent. Mr. C. J. Field, owner of the half-rater Ethelwynn, which won the champio give up yachting. After the scare Mr. Field received on Thursday last in the strong wind he stated that he would not sail his boat over the course again for all the cups in the world, and that he had enough of yachting to last him as long as he lived.

Pigeon Flight for Prizes. At the meeting of the Capital City Homing Club last night it was decided to have the final race of the season for young be a very interesting race. As such great time was made from the 150-mile station, every member of the club thinks it can be every member of the club thinks it can be duplicated, provided the weather and wind are in their favor, as they were last Sunday. The three prizes that will be flown for will be one from Mr. A. O. Bliss, another from Mr. H. C. Wall and one from the club, and great hustling is looked for. The birds will be shipped early Saturday morning, arriving at the race station about 1 p.m. They will be given plenty of feed and water and liberated Sunday morning at 6:30 o'clock, and, if everything is favorable, will, in a few rours be at their homes.

Results Elrewhere Yesterday. At New York-Baltimore, 8; New York, 3. At Philadelphia-Philadelphia, 10; Brook-lyn, 9.

In the third race at St. Louis yesterday Col. Wheatley, a "doper" with bad hind legs, broke down at the first turn and threw his rider, E. Berger, who was badly shaken up. Behind Col. Wheatley came Little Chris, who stumbled and threw his rider, C. Pratt. The boy was trampled on by the horses following and had his skull crushed and received internal injuries. He never regained consciousness, and died in ten minutes. Little George tripped on the fallen horse and threw Jockey G. Hennessy, who was slightly hurt. Col. Wheatley was shot.

THE OLDEST MAN LIVING.

A Man Who Claims to Have Served Under Jackson.

rom the New Orleans Picayune. "Yes, sah, I light Mr. Washington's ciggah many er time, and I black his boots for him on many er mornin'! I'm one hundred and thirty-one years ole, sah, as neah as kin be figured out."

Such is the claim, expressed in pretty nearly the above words, of George Brown, native of Virginia, citizen of Louisiana. One hundred and thirty-one years old!

That implies that he has been left be hind by three generations of people. The Biblical people whose lives recorded three score and ten are not in it with George Brown of Freetown.

What brings George Brown to notice is his recently seeking to be pensioned by the national government. He thinks he is been one of a crowd of slave laborers who threw up the breastworks near Chalmette canal, from behind which New Orleanians, under Jackson, poured such a terrific fire into the ranks of the English under Pakenham. He says he saw Savarie, a mulatto, in charge of a company of griffes, when he pinked General Pakenham, and in time he pinked General Pakenham, and in time he paid the last sad rites to the man who, he asserts, beyond the question of a doubt, shot the English general down. This and his work in throwing up the breastwork, he thinks, quight in themselves to be suffi-cient ground for a pension. But he remem-bers, moreover, hearing stern old Jackson say the men who took part in that glorious

Athletic Defeats Becoming Monotonous to the English.

LONDON, October 1.—The St. James Gazette this afternoon, referring to the defeat of the Cambridge-Oxford cricket team by the Philadelphias, remarks:

"These defeats of English athletes across the Atlantic are becoming monotonous. If there is one thing we could do, we thought we could play cricket. America is now taking up that game. though it was never popular there, yet even at cricket they have contrived to beat us."

CHESS BY CABLE.

Brooklyn and London Players May So Compete This Fall.

Brooklyn chess players are enthusiastic over a proposed match by cable between the Brooklyn Chess Club and the Metropolitan Chess Club of London, which Brooklyn's champion, Harry N. Pillsbury, made arrangements for before he left London at the company, and reprimands him sharply for such slight offenses, for instance, as leaning back against and so endangering the wooden latoffenses for instance as leaving back against and so endangering the wooden lat-

There is not a tooth between them, and altogher they are a very remarkable old tice work.

There is not a tooth between them, and altogther they are a very remarkable old couple.

"You want to see Uncle Brown? Well, you mustn't treat him like odder white folks what comes here to see him because he is so ole, and neber give him a penny."

At this Uncle George, who was seated on the other side of the house, was heard to emit a sharp "sh!" and he followed it up with an apologetic, "Right doun hyah, sah, if you pleases. Glad to see you, sah. Have a seat, if you pleases.

"Lor' bless you, sah, I wouldn't a known anything 'bout my age, if it hadn't been in the accuracy of this drill is the measure of the accuracy of this drill is the measure of the maneuvering power of the whole assemblage of ships. All turns, therefore, upon the capacity of the captains and their training. Merely to keep a station in cruising formation, following in the wake of a leader, is by no means easy.

Attention never for a moment relaxed and the judgment which comes only with long experience are alike required. Helm and speed need perpetual alterations, and the requisite changes must be carefully estimated, or the ship will continuously oscillate to starboard or port, in advance or astern of her station. In evolutions, however, many more qualities must be brought

if you pleases. Glad to see you, sah. Have a seat, if you pleases.

"Lor' bless you, sah, I wouldn't a known anything 'bout my age, if it hadn't been for dis here pencil (pension) what I hears the gov'ment is giving those who fit wid Gen. Jackson. You see, sah, I learn dat I had to have de proff, and when I looks aroun' I see nobody what knows, sah. All done dead."

It should be noted in advance that if It should be noted in advance that it Uncle Brown's story is a concocted one, he is the best fake in Louisiana. In the course of his narrative several attempts were made to trip him up out of pure curiosity, a man of 181 years being such a rare spectual. tacle. But for a man who can't read a letter or even sign his name, he possesses a knowledge of history singularly correct and tells a story of the infant New Orleans which the local historian might well turn to, for his story is evidently one of experience.

A Story of Mystery.

Do you know what a. "Story of Mystery" s? It is a continued story of which all but the last chapter is printed, and then guesses are made as to the solution, then the final installment is printed.

On October seventh a most interesting mystery story, "When the War Was Over," will be started in The Star, and five hundred dollars will be given for the first absolutely correct solution. In case no guess is absolutely correct the amount will be divided among those nearest to a correct solution. The guesses will be confined to women readers. Fuller particulars elsewhere.

Shaving a Man-of-War.

From the San Francisco Examiner. "There is lots of money in the barbering business on board a man-of-war," said a bluejacket, on whose cap was a black band bearing in letters of gold the name of the hoodoo ship Olympia, in a barber shop, in the presence of the reporter.

"How's that?" one of the barbers asked. "Why, that's easy," answered the blue-jacket. "Take the Olympia, the ship I be-long to. She's got 400 men on board. They all get shaved and have to have their hair "All a man has to do is to ship as a

"All a man has to do is to ship as a landsman for three years and be assigned to the barber shop. Your pay from the government will be \$36 a month, and you will rank as a petty officer. Then you'll get \$1.50 fgom every man on the ship every three months. That makes \$450. Add to that \$36 a month, which is \$108 a quarter, and there you have \$558 a quarter. That's

Silence Must Brood. From Tid-Bits.

We have received a story entitled "A Dark Deed," which is respectfully declined. The first chapter opens with "It was midnight." That is all right. It is often midnight-at least seven times a week; but the Morris, because of his color.

Gorman and McMilan.

The event of the evening, according to the program, was a go between Bsly McMillan of the District and Paddy Gorman and thirty-nine runs. This gives two of the three games to the representatives of Philadelphia, the University of Pennsylvania lence does not brood at midnight.

**BETTER THAN WAS EXPECTED** 

The Finance Committee of the Columbia Athletic Club Already at Work.

The Affairs of the Organization in

Athletic Club had an important meeting yesterday afternoon at the American Security and Trust Company. The chairman Mr. Charles J. Bell called the meeting to bership present, and the conditions of the club's finances were taken up at once. which was shortly reached, to the effect be paid, and that the creditors of the club should be invited to meet the committee, examine the complete statements of the finances, and agree with the committee upon a satisfactory plan of settlement. It was also decided that those indebted to the was also decided that those indebted to the club should be called upon to make immediate arrangements to liquidate the accounts against them. Accordingly, the finance committee will first send out notices to all delinquents, containing statements of their accounts. These notices will be sent to members who were in arrears and who were dropped from the rolls for non-payment of dues and sundries, as well

be sent to members who were in arrears and who were dropped from the rolls for non-payment of dues and sundries, as well as those on the suspended list. It is expected that this course will result in the settlement of a great many accounts that have been standing for long periods.

They run into the thousands of dollars, and many of the individual accounts are of substantial proportions. The finance committee found that the meney affairs of the club were in even better shape than was at first thought, and when the meeting adjourned it was felt that President Grant's prediction made at the annual club meeting, that the club would have no floating debt to report at its annual meeting, would be verified in every particular. Applications are being made every day by the leading business men and the test people geterally for membership, and there seems to be a universal desire on the part of this class of citizens to assist in the rejuvenation of the organization and to help in placing it upon a strong basis that will insure its 4mmediate and lasting success. It is confidently believed that the membership limit of 500 will be shortly reached and a large waiting list left to be acted on.

There will be a meeting of the executive

on.

There will be a meeting of the executive committee, which has in charge the pre-liminaries of the projected fair to be held in the club house in December, Thursday night, when the members of the various subcommittees will be announced and the work to be done laid out and assigned to them

DRILLING A FLEET.

The Way in Which the English Navy

spectacle, suggesting as nothing else can trol of a single will. A few gayly colored flags flutter to the main truck of the flagship, remain for two or three minutes, and are suddenly hauled down. Instantly the huge ships begin to turn, to sweep around in great curves and to rearrange themselves in a new formation. Or scattered cruisers nearly hull down on the horizon respond to a summons, and in half an hour come flying back to the fleet, take up their appointed stations and conform to its movements. The ease with which the 14,000-ton battleships swing round to their helms, the speed with which they take up their new stations, the quick response and the regularity of movement are extraordinarily impressive

For a shore-going parallel to this fleet one must imagine twenty-one cavalry regiments maneuvering at a canter, each individually responsive to orders rapidly transmissible over long distances. But on shore it would be impossible, except from a balloon or a commanding hill, to take in the movements at a glance. At sea one can follow the evolutions of each ship. Amistake, a loss or gain of distance, a superfluous or an inadequate turn is immediately seen, and such signals as "Retaliation badly executed" quickly fly from the flagship to be read by the whole fleet.

Unquestionably, an admiral wields a power for which a general cannot hope. A public rebuke is a thing to be avoided, and even if this is not forthcoming any small lapse will be noted by a hundred pairs of eager eyes. Moreover, a comparatively small mistake may involve disaster. We may club our cavalry without real harm, but the contact of two of these great ships moving at ten knots may mean the loss of one or both. The drill of a fleet is an eminently serious undertaking, and the accuracy of this drill is the measure of ship, remain for two or three minutes, and are suddenly hauled down. Instantly the

the loss of one or both. The drill of a fleet is an eminently serious undertaking, and the accuracy of this drill is the measure of the maneuvering power of the whole assemblage of ships. All turns, therefore, upon the capacity of the captains and their training. Merely to keep a station in cruising formation, following in the wake of a leader, is by no means easy.

Attention never for a moment relaxed and the judgment which comes only with long experience are alike required. Helm and speed need perpetual alterations, and the requisite changes must be carefully estimated, or the ship will continuously oscillate to starboard or port, in advance or astern of her station. In evolutions, howastern of her station. In evolutions, how-ever, many more qualities must be brought into play. The theorist talks glibly of "turning circles" and affects to believe that the handling of a ship can be reduced to mere geometry. The turning circles of each ship are, of course, recorded in every chart house, but a variety of other condi-tions arise. The evolutionary qualities of other ships must be observed. Wind, tide, other ships must be observed. Wind, tide, speed, or even the crossing of the wake of another vessel materially affects the turning circle. Here is no mere question of referring to the signal book and giving certain definite words of command. All the conditions constantly vary; judgment is needed at every moment; the education of the eye in estimating distances and exact knowledge of the capabilities of the ship are allike called for. The mere theorist will, in fact, find himself hopelessly incompetent, and the efficient handling of a ship implies qualities which it is not given to every one to acquire. It is an art rather than a science, and its possession largely determines the fighting capabilities of a navy.

A Golf Companion.

From Scribner's Magazine.
The element of companionship enters seriously into golf. It enters considerably into most games, so that the majority of us care more whom we play with than what we play. But one could play tennis with any player whose skill approximated to his own without much thought of his personal idiosyncrasies, for the net yawns and stretches between tennis players, keepand stretches between tennis players, keeping them apart; and while they are playing the action is too lively to permit the communication of anything but the ball. But a fit person to play tennis with is one thing and a thoroughly satisfactory person to play golf with is another.

Ivan Putter was trifling with a stroke, exulting when he made a good one, grieving when he didn't, and working hard all the time. And when he wasn't attending to bis own game he was paying close at-

to his own game he was paying close at-tention to mine. That was perhaps his greatest charm. His interest kept mine always warm, so that I held almost as much of my breath over his stroke as he over mine.

Made Shoes Over Seventy Years. From the Boston Transcript, Sept. 12. Seth Bryant is celebrating his ninety-fifth

irthday at his home in Ashmont today. He was born in Deering, Me. In 1822 he began the manufacture of shoes in Joppa Village, East Bridgewater, Mass., and shipped his product all over the United States, South America and the West Indies, and has shipped shoes to Madagascar and Zanzibar. He carried on the shoe business for fifty years, and he, with Franklin Haven and Matthew Bolles, was the shoe manufacturer who survived the panic of 1877. Mr. Bryant has been in business over seventy years, and during the rebellion did between \$700,000 and \$900,000 worth of shoe business with the government. Village, East Bridgewater, Mass., and ship-

A Mental Stimulus.

The first installment of the great mys tery story, "When the War Was Over," by Frederick R. Burton, will be published next Monday. Five hundred dollars in gold for the first correct solution. Particulars

A VOICE IN HIS STOMACH.

Doctors Say He is a Ventriloquist and Negroes That He Has a Devil. A remarkable case of natural and un-conscious ventriloquism—a phenomenon which scientific men believe was responsible for most of the cases in which persons once were supposed to be possessed of devils—has caused much consternation among the superstitious and great interest

among the scientific in Orangeburg, S. C.

The history of the case is told by W. L.

Bulkley of Claffin University, Orangeburg,

in the Appeal.

The phenomenon appears in a thirteenyear-old boy, the son of poor and illiterate
parents. He was taken ill about a month
ago with violent pains in nis stomach. The
doctor was called and treated him for a
week or more, but the boy grew no better.
After he had been ill about nine days his
parents began to hear strange noises, cpparently in his stomach. They were inarticulate and faint at first, but daily grew
stronger. They described them as like 'he
crowing of a cock, the barking of a dog and
the lowing of a cow. In a few days intelligible sounds, expressions in human speech,
were heard. A voice, sounding as from the
boy's stomach, said: 'Oh, Lord, I want to
get out.'' "I'm so tired." "T'm hungry,"
and "You hurt me." The doctor was puzzled, and related the circumstances to other
doctors. The people in the village, especialiy the negroes, became much excited over
the phenomenon, and the boy's home was
thronged daily with curious visitors. The
voice would answer questions put to it. The phenomenon appears in a thirteen

the phenomenon, and the boy's home was thronged daily with curious visitors. The voice would anrwer questions put to it. The boy awerred that he could not control the voice, and that it was, in effect, a thing apart from his own consciousness. The voice said its name was Josephine. Superstitious colored folks became terribly wrought up over the case, especially as they treated the voice as an oracle, and the voice seemed very willing to accept the part. All manner of questions on religious and personal topics were asked, and the answers were taken as having a supernatural importance.

The doctors thought it couldn't be a case of ventriloquism, because the boy seemed really unable to control the voice, and the sounds came without his voiltion. The hoy's parents asserted that the voice prophesied, and foretoid all manner of things that came to pass. More than one superstitious person went to bed and doctored himself because the uncanny voice had predicted, directly or indirectly, his early death. Mr. Bulkley visited the boy, and gives this account of his experience with him:

"I visited the boy's home and asked him

predicted, directly or indirectly, his early death. Mr. Bulkley, visited the boy, and gives this account of his experience with him:

"I visited the boy's home and asked him to tell me his name. He did so (from his mouth). I then said: "Talk from your stomach." He replied, I can't.' Well, then, make Josephine talk.' And he, to my great astonishment, said: "Talk, Josephine.' The voice said: 'I won't do it.' Don't you want some candy?' No, I don't.' Thus I kept up a fusiliade of questions to notice the effect. The response always came in a decidedly different voice from his, but the remarkable feature is that he makes so many absolutely distinct tones in his stomach, or bottom of his chest, without the least motion of the face or lips. His throat, however, moves. I put my hand there to make the test. His father claimed that 'Josephine' could talk while George was eating, when he was sleeping or simultaneously with him.

Medical men have gone from all parts of the state and surrounding states to study the case. One physician, Dr. J. S. Hydrick, thus sums up the case:

"At first it was a case of unconscious ventriloquism. The boy did not know his gift. The noise surprised and frightened him. But now he knows his power and can speak or keep silent at will. You will rotice if any one holds his ear to his stomach he will make the sounds, but if the investigator-places his ear to the boy's larynx or holds it he will refrain from speaking." The theory of evil spirits taking possession of men and women is very old, and common to practically every people. The old sorcerers and witch doctors used ventriloquism to carry out their impostures and miraculous cures, but once in a while a case of natural and unconscious ventriloquism occurred and helped out the situation all around. Most of the people round Orangeburg are illiterate, and believe strongly that the boy is possessed of a devil. Not a few are expecting the end of the world very soon, while all are expecting something interesting.

HIS WIFE COULD PLAY POKER.

She Convinced Her Skeptical From the New York Recorder. It was at a little card party of a few merry acquaintances, and though the

stake were absurdly small, the interest ran breakers high The pretty wife of one of the players was particularly excited, and played as if the happiness of her whole life was staked

Her husband didn't like her methods. "My dear," he said, as he dealt cards to all the rest, and added none to his own

husband, angrily.
"Well," she continued, "since I've bet, why I've bet. I can't take it back again, can I?" "Certainly not," was the reply; "and just to teach you a lesson, and to make you more careful in future. I'll raise you." "I'll raise you back," was the reply, and Her husband by this time was the picture

Her husband by this time was the picture of impatient amazement.

"You drew four cards," he said, sternly, "and I drew none. When will you ever learn to play this game properly?"

Then he "raised" her again, and she "raised" him in return.

He looked around the table in an apologatic and pitying way. He looked around the table in an apologetic and pitying way.

"Emma is a splendld girl at most things," he said, "but when it comes to card playing she makes me very weary."

Then he doubled her bet, and she doubled his in return.

"Oh, this is absurd," he cried; "there's way withing money from my own wife:

no use winning money from my own wife; I'll just call you. I've got a flush, ace high."
"And I've got four kings," replied his
wife, as she raked in the ivory "chips."
And then a roar of laughter shook the
room, while the man who knew all about
the game looked very sheepish, indeed.

Shortest Name in the World.

rom the Youth's Companion The shortest name in the world has been developed by the war between Japan and China. It is that of General I, a Tartar ommander, who has, perhaps, distinguishhaving conducted a campaign-though a

having conducted a campaign—though a losing one—of some effectiveness.

The French are supposed to have a monopoly of surnames, names which consist of one letter. A considerable number of such names have been cited in the French press from time to time. Madamoiselle O, for instance, keeps a grocer's shop at Louviers, and Monsieur A is rural guard in the department of Cote-d'Or. A family named Y is the pride and joy of a Belgian town.

town.

In the United States, given names—they could hardly be called Christian names—consisting of a single letter, have not infrequently been bestowed. A western business man bore the given name of P—no more, no less—through a long life, and a certain New England boy is named J.

No name so short as that of General I has yet been discovered, however, as I is certainly the thinnest letter in the alphabet.

Information Thrown In.

From the Chicago Tribune. "I would like a copy of Victor Hugo's maserpiece," said the lady who had entered the ook store.
'I don't think we have any book of that

name," responded the boy behind the coun-

"That is not the name of the work. It

"That is not the name of the work. It merely describes it," rejoined the customer. "Published lately, ma'am?"
"It was published many years ago. Surely you have Victor Hugo's greatest work?"
"I don't know whether we have or not.

What's the name of it?"
"'Lay Mee Say Rahbl," replied the lady, desperately.
"Oh, you mean 'Less Mizzerbles.' Yes'm we've got it."